



# Regional Workshop on Beef markets and trade in China and Southeast Asia Thailand country profile







#### Macro drivers and priorities

- Major drivers of economic and industry change
  - Thailand has been regarded as a development success story, with sustained strong growth and impressive poverty reduction
  - Private sector innovations such as improved breeds, feed technology, housing, farm management and contractual arrangements have been the prime drivers of growth
- Government priorities
  - ❖ Thai government's policy such as Beef Cattle Farm promotion in the northeastern region and the One-Million Beef Cattle Households.
  - Cattle and Buffalo Bank under the King Initiative' free artificial insemination (AI) services and other beef cattle extension programs.
- Socio-economic importance
  - Livestock plays an important role in agricultural sector, accounting for 22% of agricultural GDP. Cattle raising has been identified as 1 of 14 main products in Thai agriculture
  - ❖ Thailand is a net exporter of live cattle, and a transit country for cattle movement in the Mekong region

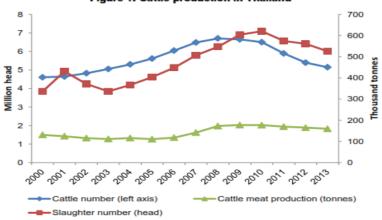
### **Production indicators**

Table 1: Key facts about the industry 2000-2013

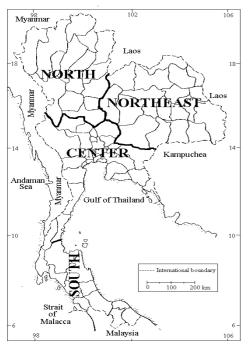
		Compounded Annual growth (%)
Herd size (million head 2013):	5.15	0.8%
Turn off/slaughter (million head 2013):	0.53	3.0%
Turn off rate/Slaughter rate (% 2013)	10.2	2.4%
Cattle meat (thousand tonnes 2013) <sup>3</sup>	160	1.1%
Cattle meat supply (kg/person 2013)	2.39	1.0%

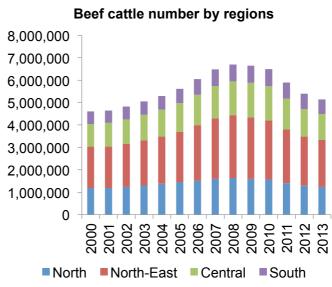
Source: adapted the Office of Agricultural Statistics (2014).

Figure 1: Cattle production in Thailand



# **Regional trends**





# Sub-sectors and chains

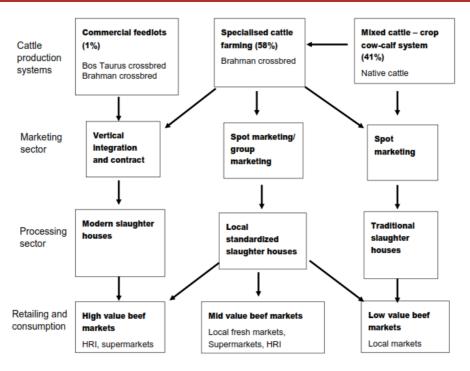
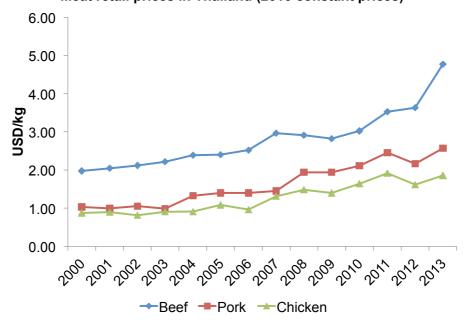


Figure 4: Cattle marketing and trade systems in Thailand. Source: Skunmun (2014)

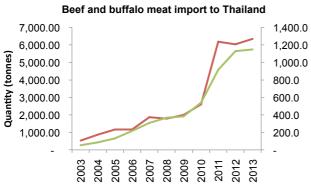
#### **Prices**



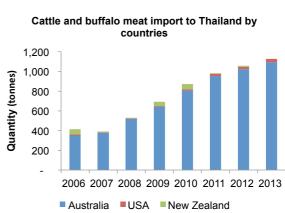


### **Trade**

Value (million USD)



Quantity (left axis) —Value (right axis)



# **Trade**

